

## Homework 2

$$1. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{5x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left[ \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{\sin x}{x} \right] = \frac{1}{5} \times 1 = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$2. f(x) = \frac{3x+4}{x^2-16} = \frac{3x+4}{(x+4)(x-4)}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 4^-} \frac{3x+4}{(x+4)(x-4)} = -\infty \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 4^+} \frac{3x+4}{(x+4)(x-4)} = \infty$$

Therefore,  $x = 4$  is a vertical asymptote.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -4^-} \frac{3x+4}{(x+4)(x-4)} = -\infty \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow -4^+} \frac{3x+4}{(x+4)(x-4)} = \infty$$

Therefore,  $x = -4$  is a vertical asymptote.

$$\begin{aligned} 3. f'(x) &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+\Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x} = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{x+\Delta x-1} - \frac{1}{x-1}}{\Delta x} = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x-1) - (x+\Delta x-1)}{\Delta x(x+\Delta x-1)(x-1)} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-\Delta x}{\Delta x(x+\Delta x-1)(x-1)} = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-1}{(x+\Delta x-1)(x-1)} = -\frac{1}{(x-1)^2} \end{aligned}$$